

Rental Blanket Advantage

Coordinate multiple properties under one note.

ONE-NOTE STRUCTURE | 20-PROPERTY REFERENCE

Who it is for

Investors seeking a one-note structure over several rentals when the collateral and release provisions fit their ownership plan. Simpler payment administration must be weighed against the effect of linking assets together.

Ideal properties and transactions

A group of rentals where consolidated financing has a clear purpose and the investor understands which properties may be sold or refinanced individually. Map likely dispositions before accepting a structure that ties several assets to one obligation.

Credit, experience and liquidity

The flyer references 20 properties and one-note financing. It does not publish a dollar loan limit, a fixed LTV or a credit minimum. Cash flow and the collateral package require review; confirm the permitted property count and exact facility structure. Discuss your ownership and management history and cash remaining after closing. The flyer does not establish a universal experience or reserve requirement. Prepare a closing-funds reconciliation that separates the down payment, transaction costs, required reserves and your own operating cushion. Explain any partner capital or borrowed funds and the other properties supported by the same liquidity. Ask which funds must be verified before closing and which must remain available afterward.

BRING THE COMPLETE RENTAL SCENARIO

Property + rent + value + requested loan + ownership strategy

Subject to underwriting. Not a commitment to lend. Images are AI-generated and illustrative.

Rental Blanket Advantage | Planning guide

Leverage and valuation framework

LTV compares the proposed loan with the lender's accepted property value. A purchase, rate-and-term refinance and cash-out transaction can have different limits. Ask which value basis and seasoning rule apply; improvements or an anticipated appraisal do not automatically increase eligible proceeds. Cash to close also includes fees, escrows and any required reserves. For a refinance, subtract existing liens and closing costs to estimate net proceeds. Keep headline capacity, credit screens and maximum leverage separate: the approved combination depends on the entire file.

Rental income and coverage

Provide property-level income and expenses as well as the consolidated picture. Ask whether coverage is tested by asset, across the group or both. Stronger properties may not automatically offset every weak property under the selected structure.

Loan structure, repairs and closing

Confirm the property condition required at closing and whether any repair escrow is permitted. Renovation funding and repair escrows require review under the selected loan structure. If substantial work or lease-up is needed, ask whether separate renovation or bridge financing must precede a rental takeout; a later refinance requires its own approval. Request the rate structure, amortization, maturity, any interest-only period, escrow treatment and prepayment provisions together. Compare total ownership cost and the payment after any reset, not only the initial monthly payment.

Property and location considerations

Confirm cross-collateralization, cross-default and the release price for an individual property. A partial sale may require more than a simple pro-rata payoff. Discuss state concentration, title work and whether collateral can be added or substituted later.

Holding period, exits and stress tests

Set a holding period and compare the loan term, prepayment schedule and any planned sale or refinance. Model lower rent, higher insurance or taxes, a vacancy and a major repair. For illustration only, $2,500 qualifying monthly rent divided by $2,000 qualifying debt expense gives 1.25 coverage; the lender's actual formula and accepted income may differ. This simplified ratio is not net operating profit. A future refinance depends on then-current value, income and program eligibility and is not guaranteed.

Documentation to prepare

Start with the address, legal unit count, transaction purpose, purchase price or estimated value, requested loan amount, monthly rent and current occupancy. Add the purchase contract or existing debt information, leases and rent roll, operating history, insurance and tax figures, ownership/entity records and evidence of available funds. Explain any unusual property use, lease-up, credit event or closing deadline. Provide account statements and identity information through the secure process Karpata specifies rather than in a public inquiry. A complete first package makes it easier to identify the correct lane. Prepare a property schedule with addresses, ownership entities, values, rents, debt and intended sale dates. Request written release mechanics, allocation of loan balances and conditions for adding, removing or refinancing individual properties.

Limitations and questions to resolve

All published screens remain subject to borrower, property and program approval and may not apply together. Confirm current state availability, eligible loan purpose, pricing, fees, reserves, guarantees and conditions in a written quote. No minimum DSCR does not mean no underwriting. A business-purpose investment loan is not a consumer home mortgage. Confirm any requirement not specified here before committing funds or relying on a closing date. Final approved documents govern the transaction.

LET'S REVIEW YOUR NEXT RENTAL PROPERTY

Request a quote | KarpataFinance.com | 480-846-1001

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